Designated United States Depository.

Corner Room, Odd Fellows' Hall. TREO. P. HAUGREY, Pres't. E. E. REXFORD, Cash

CONDITION OF THE MARKETS

Large Business Done in Speculative Wheat Upon Advancing Figures.

Closing Prices from Four to Five Points Higher-Corn Steady and Rather Dull-Oats a Shade Lower-Hog Products Weaker.

MONEY, STOCKS AND BONDS.

Strong Tone Developed in the Market-Sudden Rise in Sugar and Tennessee. NEW YORK, March 1 .- Money on call was easy at 3 to 5 per cent., the last loan

being made at 312, closing offered at 4. Prime mercantile paper 5@7 per cent. Sterling exchange dull but steady at \$4.8012 for sixty-day bills and \$4.8412 for

demand. The total sales of stocks to-day were 113,-229 shares, including the following: Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 7,240; Louisville & Nashville, 6,400; Missouri Pacific, 2,100; Reading, 16,200; St. Paul, 7,000; Union Pacific, 9,350.

The stock market to-day was again dull, and after a temporary depression developed a materially stronger tone than it has seen in some days. There was a drive at the list as usual in the early trading, but its results were not of special importance, and, as during the week, the persistent pressure of the "bears" to force down prices has met with but partial success, the depression to-day was only temporary. The attack this morn-ing was made upon the expectation that the bank reserves would show a but the statement of the loss fell a million short of that amount, and as there had been good buying all along the line at the concessions, the rush to cover after the result was known made a sharp and material rally. Of course, the decline in sterling exchange rates, although the flurry in money incident to the disbursements of the first of the month were partly responsible for the lowering of these rates, gives a promise that there will be receipts of gold from the other side and a consequent improvement of the tone of the speculation. The "bears" were helped in Union Pacific to-day by rumors of an unfavorable nature in regard to the annual report, but the foreigners were buyers and heavy covering was done. The bituminous coal stocks were specially weak also in the early dealings, but the rally brought them up again and Tennessee finaly scored a handsome gain, though Cotorado Coal was sluggish. Sugar was the strongest stock, and was put up by its friends to catch some stop orders. The remainder of the market was devoid of feature, and the market finally closed quiet but strong, generally at a shade better than the opening prices. The final changes are for slight fractions as a rule, but Sugar is up 314, and Tennessee Coal 238. Railroad bonds were duller than usual of

late, and the transactions in the two hours of business reached only \$372,000. The tone of the market was generally steady, but all the important changes in quotations are in the direction of lower figures. The sales of bonds for the week aggregated \$4,265,000, against \$5,179,000 for last week.
Government bonds were dull and steady.
State bonds were neglected. Closing quo-

Tenn. new set. 5s. 102 | Lake Shore 10412 | Mutual Union 6s. 102 | Michigan Central. 93 St. L. & I.M. gen. 5s 90 O. & Mississippi... 2014 St. L. &S. F. gen. m110 O. & M. pref. 83
Adams Express...151 Peoria, D. & E.... 18
Alton & T. H..... 38 Pittsburg......154

NEW YORK, March 1.—Bar silver, 96c. LONDON, March 1 .- Bar silver, 444d per

ourse.	
The weekly bank statemen following changes:	t shows the
Reserve, decrease	4,863,100 3,064,200 551,900 9,118,000
The banks now hold \$2,860,20	0 in excess of

Business of the Clearing-Houses.

the 25 per cent. rule.

BOSTON, March 2.- The following table, compiled from dispatches from the clearing-houses in the cities named, gives the gross exchanges for the week ending March 1, 1800, with rates per cent. of increase or decrease, as against the gross exchanges for the corresponding week last year: New York...... \$768,981,164 Increase.. 19.1 Boston...... 92,031,365 Decrease.. 0.5

APPENDANCE CONTRA	*************************************	Decrease U.D
Philadelphia	78.848.846	Increase 17.3
Chicago	68,717,000	Increase 12.0
St. Louis	20,647,027	Increase 9.8
Paltimore	14,599,073	Increase 15.3
Pittsburg	15,847,502	Increase 22.2
San Francisco	15,507,424	Decrease 16.2
New Orleans	12,236,961	Decrease. 9.0
Cincinnati	12,403,500	Increase 0.9
Louisville	9,920,356	Increase 9.2 Increase 25.9
Kansas City	9,304,291	Increase 20.5
Milwaukee	5,186,000	Decrease. 2.5
Providence	5,441,700	Ingresse 17 9
Detroit	5,301,875	Increase17.3 Increase26.6
Denver	4,632,824	Increase 25.8
Omaha	3,971,408	Increase33.3
St. Paul	4,190,210	
Minneapolis	3,424,105	Increase 8.4 Increase 2.1
Memphis	2,678,660	
Indianapolis	2,075,098	Decrease. 3.5
Columbas	2,380,900	Increase 13.5
Hartford	1,991,280	Increase 5.0
Doluth	1,409,242	Increase. 6.5
Galveston		Decrease22.3
Richmond	2,238,773	Increase 46.5
Fort Worth	1,914,418	Increase 44.9 Increase 83.3
	2,038,388	Increase 83.3
Peoria	1,592,771	Decrease. 2.8
St. Jeseph	1,532,793	Decrease 2.8
Washington	1,379,338	Increase 30.9
Springfield New Haven	1,182,256	Increase 6.5
	1,182,529	Increase 14.4
Portland, Me	1,195,525	Increase 49.1
Worcester	1,249,919	Increase 24.6
Wilmington	700,503	Decrease19.2
Norfolk	649,592	Decrease. 29.3
Wiehita	631,168	Increase 6.5
Sioux City	869,236	Increase 9.8
Syracuse	775,897	Decrease 6.1
Lowell	700,000	Increase 4.7
Grand Rapids	652,549	Decrease 0.4
Los Angeles	670,614	Decrease 5.2
Des Moines	434,836	Increase 8.6
New Bedford	361,629	Increase 10.8 Increase 23.3
Lexington, Ky	520,395	Increase 23,3
Topeka	328,783	Decrease11.8
Tacoma	681,793	Increase 99.5
Montreal, Que	7,521,211	Increase 4.3
*Buffalo	7,521,211 647,218	
*Birmingham	866,522	
*Seattle	845,752	******************
*Portland, Ore	1.593.731	

Portland, Ore. . 1,593,731 Total....... \$1,197,596,064 Increase .. 15.7 Outside New York, 428,614,900 Increase .. 8.2 *Not included in totals. No clearing-house at this time last year.

TRADING AT CHICAGO.

Wheat Active and Higher-Corn Steady-Oats Weaker-Pork a Little Lower.

CHICAGO, March 1 .- A firm feeling was again developed in the wheat market, and while there were numerous fluctuations. the closing was better than yesterday. The opening was 1,003sc higher and prices were advanced 3se more, fluctuated some and closed 12@5se higher than yesterday. A good aggregate business was transacted. and the influences presented were mainly favorable to the interest of holders. A report was received that the duty on wheat in Portugal had been removed, and another that the duty had been reduced 8c per bushel. The duty has been 295se per bushel. A cable report was also received stating that the winter crops in southern Russia had been ruined, but this must have been exaggerated, for the foreign markets would have responded more foreibly than they did to such a piece of news. Indications were for a decrease of about 600,000 bushels

cold wave had extended as far south as New Orleans. In the West the weather was moderating some. Corn ruled quiet most of the session, though early there was a little life manifested, but the trading was only moderate and the bulk of the business was local. The feeling prevailing was steady, and values showed little change from yesterday. May oats were traded in with more freedom than the other deliveries, and prices receded 3c under fair selling by a large operator. On the break he turned and bought, and a rally of 4c followed, and the last sales were at a shade below the prices of yesterday. In mess pork a fair trade was report-New Orleans. In the West the weather were at a shade below the prices of yesterday. In mess pork a fair trade was reported, but the feeling was somewhat unsettled. Early the market was stronger, and prices ruled 2½@5c higher, but a weaker feeling was developed later, and prices settled back again 7½@10c, and closed at medium figures. A quiet and rather steady feeling prevailed in the lard market. Early prices ruled about .02½c higher on the deferred deliveries, but this improvement was lost later in the day. In short ribs a moderate trade was reported, and the feeling was comparatively steady. Sales at outside prices were made early, and during the latter part of the session slight reductions were submitted to.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Options.	Opent'g.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing
Wheat-Mch	7614	7739	7614	7738
May	7819	7878	7830	7834
July	7678	77	7634	77
Corn-March.	2814	2814	2818	2818
May	2978			2978
July	3078	307s	3034	3078
Oats-March.	2014	2014	2014	2014
May	2138	2138	21	2114
June	2078		2034	2031
Pork-March.	\$9.80	\$9.8212	\$9.80	\$9.80
May	10.10	10.10	10.00	10.05
June	10.05	10.0712		10.0712
Lard-March		5.85	5.8212	5.8212
May		5.9712	The second second second	5.95
June		6.00	6.00	6.00
Sh'rt ribs-Meh		4.80	4.7712	
June	4.90	4.90	4.8712	4.90

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour Cash quotations were as follows: Flour firm; winter wheat, patents, \$4\pi4.30; spring wheat patents \$4.40\pi4.60; straights, \$3.65\pi3.90; bakers', \$2.80\pi8; No. 2 spring wheat, 77\square\text{sc}; No. 3 spring wheat, 66\pi66\frac{1}{2}\text{c}; No. 2 red, 77\square\text{sc}; No. 2 corn, 28\frac{1}{2}\text{sc}; No. 2 oats, 20\text{c}; No. 2 rye, 42\frac{1}{2}\text{c}; No. 2 barley, nominal; No. 1 flaxseed, \$1.45; prime timothy-seed, \$1.16\pi1.17; mess pork per bbl. \$9.80\pi9.85; lard per pound, 5.82\frac{1}{2}\text{c}; short-rib sides, (loose), 4.80\text{c}; dry-salted shoulders, (boxed), 4.15\pi4.20\text{c}; short-clear sides, (boxed), 5\pi 4.15@4.20c; short-clear sides, (boxed), 5@ 5.05c; whisky, distillers' finished goo per gal. \$1.02; sugars, cut-loaf, unchanged. On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was steady and unchanged.

Receipts—Flour, 11,000 brls; wheat, 12,000 bu; corn, 234,000 bu; oats, 139,000 bu; rye, 2,000 bu; barley, 54,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 7,000 brls; wheat, 16,000 bu; corn. 208,000 bu; oats, 169,900 bu; rye, 3,000 bu; barley, 80,000 bu.

AT NEW YORK.

Ruling Prices in Produce at the Seaboard's Commercial Metropolis.

NEW YORK, March 1 .- Flour-Receipts, 14,858 packages; exports, 7,222 brls, 16,252 sacks. The market was fairly active. Sales,

Wheat-Receipts, 15,950 bu; sales, 2,000,-000 bu futures, 56,000 bu spot. The spot market was dull and stronger; No. 2 red, 8678@87c in elevator, 8838@8812c affoat, 8734 @893sc f. o. b.; steamer No. 2 red, 83c; No. 3 red, 8234@83c; steamer No. 3 red, 75c; ungraded red, 784@85c; No. 1 Northern, 94c; No. 1 hard, 96c. Options were moderately active, 1se to 14e up and steady; sales included; No. 2 red, March, 8678@87c, closing at 867sc; April closing at 87c; May, 8678@871se, closing at 87e; June, 8578@86c, closing at 8578c; July, 84 9/16@8458c, closing at 845sc; August, 8312@8334c, closing at 835sc; September, 8334@837sc, closing at 8334c; December, 86 9/16@8634c, closing at 865sc.

Rye firmer; Western, 55@57c. Barley quiet; Western, 48@63c; Canada,

59@75c. Bariey malt dull; Canada, 7212@90c. Corn-Receipts, 124,800 bu; exports, 218,-572 bu; sales, 440,000 bu futures, 192,000 bu spot. Spot market was moderately active and easier; No. 2, 3514@3538c in elevator, 3638@37c afloat; ungraded mixed, 25@3634c; steamer mixed, 354, @363sc; No. 2 white, 3734 @38c; No. 3, 344c. Options were dull and steady; March, 354@353sc, closing at 353sc; April, 364 @ 365/16c, closing at 364c; May, 37c. Oats-Receipts, 102,000 bu; exports, 20,208 bu; sales, 190,000 bu futures and 149,000 bu spot. The spot market was stronger and fairly active. Options were less active and weak; March, 28@28 1/16c, closing at 28c; April, 2712c; May, 2638@2778c, closing at 2634c; spot No. 2 white, 2938@3014c; mixed Western, 26@30c; white Western, 29@34c; No. 2 Chicago, 29@2914c.

Hay quiet and easy; shipping, 35@40c; good to choice, 60@85c. Hops quiet and Coffee-Options were steady at 5@10 points up. Sales, \$2,000 bags, including: March, 16.70@16.75c; April, 16.65c; May, 16.60 @16.65c; June, 16.55@16.60c; July, 16.50@ 16.55c; August, 16.45@16.50c; September, 16.40 @16.50c; November, 16.30c; December, 16.25 @16.30c; spot Rio firm and quiet; fair cargoes, 20c; No. 7 flat bean, 184c. Sugar-Raw quiet and firm; fair refining, 51sc; centrifugal, 96 test, 5 11/16c; refined firm and fairly active. Molasses-Foreign firm; New Orleans firm. Rice fairly active and firm; do-

mestic, 412@614c; Japan, 414@5c. Cotton-seed oil steady; crude, 28c. Tallow weak; city (\$2 for packages), 44c. Rosin dull; strained, common to good, \$1.15@1.20. Eggs—Western, 1442@1542c; receipts, 4,909

Cut meats quiet; pickled bellies, 5\alpha 5^3\text{sc}; pickled shoulders, 4^3\text{sa4^12c}; pickled hams, 8^3\text{sa9c}. Middles inactive; short clear, 5.25c. Lard steady but dull; sales, 1,150 tierces of Western steam at 6.20c. Options—No sales; March, 6.18c; April, 6.28c; May, 6.26c, June, 6.31c; July, 6.37c; October, 6.57c.

Butter easy and quiet; Elgins, 28c; Western dairy, 8\alpha 17c; Western creamery, fresh stock, 13\alpha 26^1\text{2c}; Western creamery, held stock, 8\alpha 15c; Western factory, 5\alpha 18c. Cheese firm, with good demand; Western, 8^1\alpha 010c.

TRADE IN GENERAL. Quotations at St. Louis, Philadelphia, Balti-

more, Cincinnati and Other Points. ST. LOUIS, March 1.-Flour quiet and ST. LOUIS, March 1.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat higher, the close being about 3sc above yesterday; No. 2 red, cash, 7614c bid; May closed at 765s@7634c asked; June, 765sc asked; July, 7334c bid. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed, cash, 2514c; March closed at 251sc asked; May, 261s@2614c asked; September, 285sc. Oats dull; No. 2, cash, 2014c bid; May, 2034@207sc bid at the close. Rye steady; No. 2, cash, 4012c bid. Barley—Wisconsin, 47c. Hay—Prairie, \$6.50@8.75; timothy, \$8.50@12. Flaxseed, \$1.25. Butter unchanged. Eggs unchanged. Corn.meal unchanged. Eggs unchanged. Corn-meal, \$1.65@1.70. Whisky, \$1.02. Provisions steady, but quotations are essentially unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 2,000 brls; wheat, 26,000 bu; corn, 207,000 bu; oats, 32,000 bu; rye, 3,000 bu; barley, 4,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 14,000 brls; wheat, 3,000 bu; corn, 238,000 bu; oats, 44,000 bu; rye, 2,000 bu; bar-

PHILADELPHIA, March 1.—Flour in good demand for desirable grades, especially for choice spring wheat patents, and prices ruled firm. Wheat firm, though not quot-tably higher; exporters holding off, but there was a fair demand for desirable millthere was a fair demand for desirable milling grades; rejected, 60@70c; fair to good milling wheat, 75@82c; prime to fancy, 85@91c; ungraded, in grain depot, 85½c; No. 2 red, on track, 82½c; prime No. 2 red, on track, 83c; choice No. 2 red, on track, 84c; No. 2 red, March, 82@83c; April, 83@83½c; May, 84¼@84¾c; June, 84¼@84¾c. Corn—Options firmly held; car lots for local trade steady, with a fair demand; No. 4 mixed on steady, with a fair demand; No. 4 mixed, on track and in grain depot, $28^{1}2^{2}2^{2}2^{2}$ c; No. 4 yellow, in grain depot, 30° c; No. 3 mixed, in export elevator, $33^{1}2^{\circ}$ c; No. 3 yellow, in grain depot, 34° c; steamer, in export elevator, $34^{3}4^{\circ}$ c; steamer No. 2 high mixed, in grain depot, 36° c; No. 2 high mixed, in grain depot, 36° c; No. 2 high mixed, in grain depot, 36° c; No. 2 high mixed, in grain depot, 36° c; No. 2 high mixed, in grain depot, 36° c; No. 2 high mixed, in grain depot, 36° c; No. 2 high mixed, in grain depot, 36° c; No. 2 high mixed, in grain depot, 36° c; No. 2 high mixed, in grain depot, 36° c; No. 2 high mixed on track 32° c; No. 2 87c; No. 2 high mixed, on track, 3714c; No. 2 mixed March, 855s@857sc; April, 355s@857sc; May, 86@3614c; June, 3614@3634c. Oats—Local trade demand light, but prices of car lots steadily held; No. 3 white, 2912c; choice lots steadily held; No. 3 white, 29½c; choice No. 3 white, 30c; No. 2 white, in Twentieth-street elevator, 30½c; choice No. 2 white, in grain depot, 31½c; futures quiet but steady; No. 2 white March, 28½@29¼c; April, 28½@ 20c; May, 28¼@28½c; June, 28¾@29c. Eggs dull and easy; Pennsylvania firsts, 13½@ 14c. Receipts—Flour, 1,600 brls; wheat, 4,700 bu; corn, 240,500 bu; oats, 16,000 bu. Ship-ments—Wheat, 4,800 bu; corn, 144,200 bu, oats, 15,000 bu.

oats, 15,000 bu. MINNEAPOLIS, March 1.—Receipts of wheat for the day, 137 cars; shipments, 10 cars. There was an active demand for sample wheat of good milling varieties and nearly all of this class went off early in the in the visible supply. It was reported that | day. Prices were about 'go higher than | fair to good native steers, \$3.20@4.85; stock-

yesterday, caused by the strength in futures and the strong competition among buyers. There was the usual demand for shipping and few of the orders were filled, as the offerings of suitable qualities were not sufficient to accommodate the entire demand. Local millers took the greater part of the good wheat, and with what outside buying there was cleared off the tables early in the session. Closing quotations: No. 1 hard, March and April, 7834c; May, 7914c; on track, 79c, No. 1 Northern, March, 7612c; April, 7634c; May, 7758@7734c; on track, 7734c. No. 2 Northern, March, 7412c; April, 7434c; May, 7578c; on track, 7412@76c. April, 7434c; May, 757se; on track, 7412@76c.

April, 7434c; May, 7578c; on track, 7412@76c.

BALTIMORE, March 1.—Wheat—Western strong; No. 2 winter red, spot and March, 8234@83c; May, 8478@8518c. Corn—Western steady; mixed, spot, 36c; March, 3534@8538c; April, 3512@3534c; May, 3578@3618c; June, 3614@3612c; July, 37@3718c; August, 3734c; steamer, 3434@35c. Oats—Dull and unchanged; Western white, 29@3012c; Western mixed, 27@2812c; graded No. 2 white, 30c. Rye firm; sales mostly to arrive; prime to choice, 55@57c. Hay dull; prime to choice timothy, \$12.50@13.50. Provisions firm and unchanged. Butter steady. Eggs firmer at 1212@14c. Coffee firm; Rio cargoes, fair, 1934@20c. Receipts—Flour, 7,200 brls; wheat, 8,000 bu; corn, 157,000 bu; oats, 12,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 4,200 brls; wheat, 26,000 bu; corn, 207,000 bu. Sales—Wheat, 28,000 bu; corn, 290,000 bu. CINCINNATI. March 1.—Flour quiet.

CINCINNATI, March 1.—Flour quiet. Wheat nominal; No. 2 red, 78c; receipts, 1,-100 bu; shipments, none. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed, 32½c. Oats firm; No. 2, 24½c. Rye nominal; No. 2, 45c. Pork quiet at \$10.25. Lard firmer at 5.80c. Bulk meats stronger; short ribs, 4.95@5c. Bacon quiet and firm; short clear, 6c. Whisky active and firm; sales. 1,624 bris of finished goods on a basis of \$1.02. Butter steady. Sugar quiet and steady. Eggs easy at 12@12½c. Cheese steady.

TOLEDO, March 1. — Wheat active and steady; cash, 7834@79c; May, 8114c; July, 7812c; August, 78c. Corn dull; cash, 3012c; May, 31c. Oats quiet; cash, 23c. Clover-seed dull and steady; cash and March, \$3.15. Receipts—Wheat, 4,043 bu; corn, 64,152 bu; rye, 498 bu; clover-seed, 336 bags. Shipments—Wheat, 2,200 bu; corn, 56,631 bu; oats, 3,000 bu; clover-seed, 1,088 bags.

DETROIT, March 1.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 79¹sc; No. 2 red, cash, 78⁷sc; March, 78¹2c; May, 81³sc; August, 77⁷sc. Corn—No. 2, cash, 53c; March, 30³4c asked; May, 31¹4c asked. Oats—No. 2, white, cash, 23¹2c; No. 2 mixed, cash, 23c. Clover seed, cash, \$3.22¹2. Receipts—Wheat, 9,700 bu; corn, 8,000 bu; oats, 1,900 bu. 8,000 bu: oats, 1,900 bu.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Petroleum opened steady at 99½c, but became weak under forced sales and declined to 95c. Then a reaction occorred, on which the market closed steady at 95%c. Stock Exchange—Opening, 99%c; highest, 99%c; lowest, 95%; closing, 95%c. Consolidated Exchange—Opening, 98%c; highest, 98%c; lowest, 95%c closing, 95%c. Total sales, 524,000 brls. Turpentine dull and nominally 42%42%c. OIL CITY, March 1 .- National Transit certificates opened at 981sc; highest, 985sc; lowest, 955sc; closed at 955sc. Sales, 74,000 brls; shipments, 68,507 bris; runs, 101,474 bris.

PITTSBURG, March 1.—Petroleum active and weak. National Transit certificates opened at 98c; closed at 95%; highest, 98%; lowest, 95%. CLEVELAND, March 1.—Petroleum quiet; standard white, 110°, 7½c; gasoline, 74°, 9c; gasoline, 86°, 12c; naphtha, 63°, 7c. WILMINGTON, March 1 .- Turpentine nom-

CHARLESTON, March 1.-Turpentine quiet SAVANNAH, March 1.-Turpentine-Nothing

Cotton. NEW YORK, March 1.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 11 5-16c; middling Orleans, 11 9-16c; sales, 142 bales. Fatures closed barely steady. Sales, 19,100 bales; March, 11.16c; April, 11.21c; May, 11.26c; June, 11.30c; July, 11.35c; August, 11.35c; September, 10.70c; October, 10.37c; November, 10.25c; December, 10.24c; January, 10.25c.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1-Cotton quiet and steady; middling, 10 11-16c; low middling, 103sc; good ordinary, 103sc. Net and gross receipts, 2,193 bales; exports to Great Britain, 4,500 bales; to the continent, 27,756 bales; coastwise, 690 bales; sales, 2,200 bales; stock (corrected), 233,290. LIVERPOOL, March 1 .- Cotton steady and

unchanged. Sales, 5,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export, and in-cluded 4,300 bales American.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Business in dry goods was of the usual Saturday character, with the weather still unfavorable. Jobbers were doing relatively well, and demand at first hands continued fair for this period. Goods of the print-cloth grades are less firm in price, with print cloths, which are inactive, and woolens continue in light demand. Specialties in cotton goods continue in good shape and in steady request.

NEW YORK, March 1 .- Pig-iron quiet; American, \$17@20. Copper stagnant; lake, March. 14.05c. Lead quiet; domestic, 3.872c. Tin quiet and firm; Straits, 20.95c. ST. LOUIS, March 1.-Lead strong at 3.62120

LIVE STOCK.

Butcher Cattle Stronger, Others Dull-Hogs Active and Higher, Closing Steady. INDIANAPOLIS, March 1.

CATTLE-Receipts, 100; shipments, 186. But few fresh arrivals. Market stronger on butcher grades and feeders; others about Heavy roughs...... 3.00@3.60

_	1100.3 1000.000
3	Export grades\$4.10@4.50
u	Good to choice shippers, 3.60@4.00
	Common to medium shippers 2.90@3.40
в	Stockers and feeders 2.25 @ 3.35
Н	Good to choice beifers 3.00 23.40
	Common to medium beifers 1.75@2.75
ı	Cond to shales some
ı	Good to choice cows 2.50 @ 3.00
1	Fair to medium cows 2.00 @ 2.35
	Common old cows 1.00@1.75
ı	Veals, common to good 3.00 25.00
J	Bulls, common to good 1.75@2.75
ij	Milkers, common to good15.00@35.00
	Hogs-Receipts, 3,260; shipments, 2,150.
U	
Н	Quality fair. Market opened active and
1	higher; closed steady; all sold.
3	Heavy\$3.90@4.05
	Mixed 3.85@4.021a
1	Light 3.90@4.0712
u	Heavyroughs 3.00@3.70
9	
ı	SHEEP AND LAMBS-Receipts,; ship-
y	ments, Nothing doing for the want of
۱	
ĕ	stock. Market steady.
V	Good to choice\$4.75@5.50
	Fair to medium 3.85@4.50
9	Common 2.50@3.50
	Bucks, per head 3.00@4.00

CINCINNATI, March 1 .- Cattle-Receipts.

CINCINNATI, March 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 400; shipments, 400. Cattle are in fair demand and steady. Common, \$1.50@2.75; fair to medium butchers' grades, \$3@3.75; good to choice, \$3.85@4.10; good to choice shippers, \$3.90@4.25.

Sheep—Receipts, 58; shipments, 58. Sheep are in light demand but steady. Common to fair, \$3@4.50; prime to choice, \$4.75@5; extra wethers and yearlings, \$5.20@5.50. Lambs are quiet, but prices are sustained. Medium to choice shipping, \$6.25@6.50; heavy, \$5.75@6; common to choice butchers' qualities, \$5@5.75; culls, \$4.@4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 700; shipments, 1,000, Hogs were scarce and higher. Common and light, \$3.60@4.05; packing and butchers', \$4.@4.15.

BUFFALO, March 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 241 car-loads through and 4 car-loads for

sale. Stronger. Sheep and Lambs-Receipts, 11 car-loads through and 22 car-loads for sale. Market stronger and higher. Sheep-Choice to extra, \$5.65@5.90; good to choice, \$5.45@5.70. Lambs-Choice to extra, \$6.75@7; good to choice, \$6.50@6.70. Hogs-Receipts, 85 car-loads through and 18 car-loads for sale. Market steady. Mediums and heavy, \$4.25; mixed and

Yorkers, \$4.25; pigs, \$4.15@4.20. CHICAGO, March 1.—The Drover's Jour-nal reports: Cattle—Receipts, 1,500. The market was slow and steady. Beeves, \$4.50 @5; steers, \$3@5.30; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@3.60; cows, bulls and mixed, \$1.50@3.40; Texas corn-fed steers, \$3@3.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,000. The market was strong. Mixed, light and heavy, \$3.85@4.05; eting \$3@3.75

Sheep-Receipts, 1,500. The market was weak. Natives, \$3.50@5.60; Western cornfed. \$4.80@5.40; Texans, \$3@4.50; lambs,

KANSAS CITY, March 1 .- The Live Stock Indicator reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2,100; shipments, 900. The market was strong; steers, \$3.20@4.80; cows, \$1.90@2.90; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@3.40.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,300; shipments, 800.

The market was 2½@5c higher, All grades, \$3.70@3.82½; bulk, \$3.75@3.80.

Sheep—Receipts, 800; shipments, 200. The market was strong. Good to choice lambs and muttons, \$3.50@5.40; stockers and feeders, \$5@5.25.

ST. LOUIS, March 1.-Cattle - Receipts,

100; shipments, 600. The market was strong Good to fancy native steers, \$4.30@4.90.

ers and feeders, \$2.20@3.60; range steers. Hogs—Receipts, 1,600; shipments, 2,200. The market was stronger. Fair to choice heavy, \$3.90@4; packing grades, \$3.85@3.95; light, fair to best. \$3.80@3.95.

Sheep—Receipts, 600; shipments, none. The market was strong. Fair to choice, \$4.@5.70. Lambs, \$5@6.20.

EAST LIBERTY, March 1.-Cattle-Receipts, 1,134; shipments, 693. Nothing doing; all through consignments. No cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,400; shipments, 3,300.

Market fair. Medium and selected, \$4.30@
4.35; common and best Yorkers, \$4.15@4.25; pigs, \$4@4.10. Nine car-loads of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts, 600; shipments, 800.

Market slow at unchanged prices.

INDIANAPOLIS MARKETS.

Trade Quiet with Fair Prospects of an Early Improvement. INDIANAPOLIS, March 1.

In most departments trade rules quiet. There is a fair demand for fruits both domestic and tropical, and our best quotations are readily realized. Dairy products of high grade rule steady. The demand for eggs is fully up with the supply and should the weather continue cooler an advance in price is probable in the early part of next week. Poultry 1s quiet, with a liberal supply. Potatoes are steady and good stock firm. Onions and cabbage are casier in price. With the grocers trade is moderately active. Coffee options advanced fifteen points in the East yesterday. While markets are fluctuating day by day under the manipulations of bulls and bears, the general drift is toward a higher level. All signs point to an early advance in package coffee, as it has been for some time back relatively too low for the price of the green article. The iron, the hardward and tinners' supplies' markets are all firm in tone, but the tendency to higher prices has been checked somewhat. Druggists, as for some weeks past, are having an excellent trade weeks past, are having an excellent trade and prices on all goods they handle rule firm. Trade with the dry-goods houses is still slow, while prices carry a very strong

The local market was hardly in as strong position to-day as on the previous days of this week. The prospects that with solid roads receipts of grain will increase may make shippers and dealers more cautious in their bidding. In prices to-day there were no material changes, track bids ruling as

Wheat—No. 2 red, 7714@7712c; No. 3 red, 73 @75c; rejected, 63@68c; unmerchantable, 50 ©55c asked; March 77c. Corn—No. 1 white, 31c; No. 2 white, 30¹2c; No. 3 white, 28@29c; No. 4 white, 25c; No. 2 yellow, 28c; No. 3 yellow, 27c; No. 2 mixed, 29c; No. 8 mixed, 27³4c; No. 4 mixed, 22¹2c bid; mixed ear, 26¹2c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 23¹2@24c; No. 3 white, 22²23c; No. 2 mixed, 22³4c.

Bran-Local dealers are bidding \$10.50; shippers bidding \$9.25@9.75. Hay—Choice timothy, \$11.50; No. 1, \$10@ 10.50; No. 2, \$7.75 asked; No. 1 prairie, \$6@7.

> Indianapolis Jobbing Trade. CANNED GOODS.

Peaches—Standard 3-pound, \$2.25@2.50; 8-pound seconds, \$1.65@1.75, Miscellaneous -Black berries, 2-pound, 80@90c; raspberries, 2-pound, \$1.15@1.30; pineapple, standard, 2-pound, \$1.40@2.50; seconds, 2-pound, \$1.10 @1.20; cove oysters, 1-pound, full weight, \$1.05@1.10; light, 65@75c; 2-pound, full, \$1.90@2; light, \$1.10@1.15; string beans, 85 @95c; Lima beans, \$1.20@1.30; peas, marrow-fat, \$1.20@1.40; small, \$1.50@1.75; lobsters, \$1.85@2; red cherries, 95c@1.10; strawberries, \$1.20@1.30; salmon (tbs), \$1.90@2.50.

COAL AND COKE. Anthracite, \$6.75@7 \$\psi\$ ton; Jackson lump, \$4\$\psi\$ ton; nut \$3.50; Brazil block, \$3.50 \$\psi\$ ton; nut, \$3; Pittsburg, \$4\$\psi\$ ton; nut, \$3.75; Raymond and Winifred, \$4\$\psi\$ ton; nut, \$3.75; Duggar lump, \$3.25\$\psi\$ ton; nut, \$2.75; Island City lump, \$3.25\$\psi\$ ton; nut, \$3; Highland lump, \$3\$\psi\$ ton; nut, \$2.50; Piedmont and Blossburg, \$5\$\psi\$ ton; Indiana cancel, \$5\$\psi\$ ton; gas-bouse coke, 18c\$\psi\$ bn, or 32.25 ₱ load; crushed coke, 18c ₱ bu, or \$3.25 ₱ load; crushed coke, 14c ₱ bu, or \$3.50 ₱ load.

DRY GOODS. BLEACHED SHEETINGS-Blackstone AA, BLEACHED SHEETINGS—Blackstone AA, 734c; Ballon & Son, 712c; Chestnut Hill, 6c; Cabot 4-4, 712c; Chapman X, 612c; Dwight Star 8, 9c; Fruit of the Loom, 834c; Lonsdale, 812c; Linwood, 8c; Masonville, 834c; New York Mills, 1012c; Our Own, 534c; Pepperell, 9-4, 22c; Pepperell, 10-4, 24c; Hills, 8c; Hope, 712c; Knight's Cambric, 8c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10c; Whitinsville, 33-inch, 612c; Wamsutta, 1012c.

Brown Sheeting—Atlantic A. 714c;

BROWN SHEETING — Atlantic A, 7¹4c;
Boott C, 6c; Agawam, F, 5¹2c; Bedford R, 5c;
Augusta, 5¹2c; Boott AL, 7c; Continental C,
6³4c; Dwight Star, 8c; Echo Lake, 6¹2c;
Graniteville EE, 6¹2c; Lawrence LL, 5¹2c;
Pepperell E, 7¹4c; Pepperell R, 6³4c; Pepperell, 9-4, 20c; Pepperell 10-4, 22c; Utica, 9-4,
22¹2c; Utica 10-4, 25c; Utica C, 4¹2c.
GINGHAMS—Amoskeag, 6³4c; Bates, 6¹2c;
Glovester, 6¹4c; Glosgow, 6c; Lancaster Gloucester, 614c; Glasgow, 6c; Lancaster, 634c; Ranelman's, 712c; Renfrew Madras, 812c; Cumberland, 6c; White, 612c; Book-GRAIN BAGS-American, \$16.50; Atlantic,

\$18: Franklinville, \$18; Lewistown, \$18; Ontario, \$16.50; Stark A, \$21. PRIME CAMBRICS-Manville, 6c; S. S. & Son, 6c; Masonville, 6c; Garner, 6c. PRINTS—American faney, 6½c; Allen's fancy, 6½c; Allen's dark, 6c; Allen's pink, 6½c; Arnold's, 6½c; Berlin solid colors, 6c; Cocheco, 6½c; Conestoga, 6c; Dunnell's, 6c; Eddystone, 6½c; Hartel, 6c; Harmony, 5½c; Hamilton, 6½c; Greenwich, 5½c; Knickerbocker, 5½c; Mallory pink, 6½c; prices on dress styles irregular; depends on pattern. Tickings—Amoskeag ACA, 12¹2°; Conestoga BF, 14¹2°; Conestoga extra, 13¹2°; Conestoga extra, 13¹2°; Conestoga Gold Medal, 13¹2°; Conestoga CCA, 12°; Conestoga AA, 10°; Conestoga X, 9°; Pearl River, 12°; Falls OBO, 32-inch, 12¹2°; Methuen AA, 12¹2°; Oakland A, 6¹2°; Swift River, 6¹2°; York, 32-inch, 12¹2°; York, 30-inch, 10¹2°;

30-inch, 1012c. Alcohol, \$2.22@2.30; asafætida, 15@20c; Alcohol, \$2.22@2.30; asafætida, 15@20c; alum, 4@5c; camphor, 45@50c; cochineal, 50@55c; chloroform, 45@50c; copperas, brls, \$3@3.50; cream tartar, pure, 35@88c; indigo, 80@81c; licorice, Calab., genuine, 30@45c; magnesia, carb., 2-oz, 25@85c; morphine, P. & W., \$\text{P} oz, \$2.90; madder, 12@14c; oil, castor, \$\text{P} gal, \$1.25@1.30; oil, bergamot, \$\text{P} ib, \$3@3.25; opium, \$3.60@8.75; quinine, P. & W., \$\text{P} oz, 44@49c; balsam copabia, 65@ & W., \$\psi\$ oz, \$44\tilde{a}49c; balsam copabia, \$5\tilde{a}\$
70c; soap. Castile, Fr., \$12\tilde{a}16c; soda, bicarb.,
\$4\frac{1}{2}\tilde{a}6c; salts, Epsom, \$4\tilde{a}5c; sulphur, flour,
\$4\tilde{a}6c; saltpeter, \$8\tilde{a}20c; turpentine, \$49\tilde{a}52c;
glycerine. \$22\tilde{a}26c; iodide potass., \$2.85\tilde{a}\$
\$5.00; bromide potass., \$40\tilde{a}42c; chlorate potash, \$25c; borax, \$10\tilde{a}12c; cinchonidia, \$12\tilde{a}\$
\$15c; carbolic acid, \$45\tilde{a}50c.

OILS—Linseed oil, raw, 60c \$\psi\$ gal; boiled,
\$63c; coal oil, legal test, \$9\frac{1}{a}14c; bank, \$40c;
best straits, 50c; Labrador, 60c; West Virginia lubricating, \$20\tilde{a}30c; miners', 65c.

Lard Oils, No. 1, 50\tilde{a}55c; do., extra, 65\tilde{a}70c. Lard Oils. No. 1, 50@55c; do., extra, 65@70c. WHITE LEAD-Pure, 740.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES. APPLES-Choice, \$2.75@3 P brl; common, \$1.50@2; extra eating, \$3.50@4. SWEET POTATOES—Kentucky, \$3@3.50 P brl; Jersey, \$5 P brl; Indiana, \$1.50@1.75 P

CABBAGE—\$2@2.25 \$\top \text{brl.} \\
CRANBERRIES—\$5@\$3.50 \$\top \text{bu; \$9@10 }\top \text{brl; fancy stock, \$12 }\top \text{brl.} \\
CELERY—Choice, 40@50c a bunch; common, 15@20c a bunch. ONIONS-Silver skin, \$3.25 \$\psi\$ brl; Danvers, \$3 \$\psi\$ brl; Spanish onions, \$1.25 \$\psi\$ box.
POTATOES-45 \$\pi\$50c \$\psi\$ bu; \$1.40 \$\pi\$1.50 \$\psi\$ brl, in shipping order.

FOREIGN FRUITS. Raisins, California, London layer, new, \$2.75@3 \$\psi\$ box; California, loose, muscatel, 3-crown, \$2@2.25 \$\psi\$ box; Valencia, new, 8@9c \$\psi\$ fi; citron, 24@25c \$\psi\$ fi; currants, 6@7c \$\psi\$ fi; bananas, \$1.25@2.25 \$\psi\$ bunch. Lemons—Messina, choice, \$3.25@3.75 \$\psi\$ box; fancy, \$4.50. Oranges—Florida brights, \$3.25@3.50; russets, \$3.25@3.50 \$\psi\$ box. Figs, 12@14c. Prunes—Turkish, old, 4\frac{1}{4}@4\frac{1}{2}c; new, 5@5120. GROCERIES.

SUGARS—Hard, 7@81sc; confectioners' A, 63s@7c; off A, 63s@612c; coffee A, 61s@614c; white extra C, 57s@61sc; extra C, 55s@57sc; good yellows, 512@55sc; fair yellows, 53s@512c; common yellows, 51s@53sc.

Beans—Choice hand-picked navy, \$2.00@ 2.10 1 bu; medium hand-picked, \$2.00@2.10. 2.10 \$\forall \text{ bu; medium hand-picked, \$2.00 @ 2.10.} \$\text{Coffees—Ordinary grades, } \text{19\mathbb{1}_2 @ 20\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c; fair, } \text{20\mathbb{1}_2 @ 21\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c; good, } \text{21\mathbb{1}_2 @ 22\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c; prime, } \text{22\mathbb{1}_2 @ 22\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c; prime, } \text{21\mathbb{2}_2 @ 22\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c; prime, } \text{21\mathbb{2}_2 @ 22\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c; prime, } \text{21\mathbb{2}_2 @ 22\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c; prime, } \text{21\mathbb{1}_2 @ 22\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c; ordinary } \text{Java, } \text{29\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c; imitation Java, } \text{28\mathbb{1}_4 \text{c; ordinary } \text{29\mathbb{1}_2 \text{c. Roasted coffees, } 1 \text{ b packages, } \text{24\mathbb{1}_4 \text{c; } \text{Banner, } \text{24\mathbb{1}_4 \text{c; Lion, } \text{24\mathbb{1}_4 \text{c; Gates's Blended } \text{Java, } \text{24\mathbb{1}_4 \text{c; Arbuckle's, } \text{24\mathbb{1}_4 \text{c.} } \text{Dried Beef—9@ 10c.} \text{Molasses And Syrups—New Orleans } \text{molasses, fair to prime, } \text{35\mathbb{2}\text{6}\text{c; choice, } \text{45\mathbb{0}} \text{c.} \text{}}

molasses, fair to prime, 85@45c; choice, 45@ 55c. Syrups, 30 @ 40c.
SHOT—\$1.15@1.20 \$\psi\$ bag for drop.
FLOUR SACKS—No. 1 drab, \(\frac{1}{4} \) brl, \$83 \$\psi\$

DELICIOUS, STRENGTHENING TO THE NERVES.

Tea and coffee cheer but do not nourish. They even leave an injurious effect upon the nervous system. Indeed there is no beverage like

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA,

"BEST & GOES FARTHEST."

It stimulates and nourishes as none other, leaves no bad effects and is a flesh-former of the most approved type.

BYVAN HOUTEN'S COCOA ("once tried, always used"). The strong may take it with pleasure and the weak with impunity. The exciting effects of tea and coffee are obviated by its steady use, and nervous disorders are re-Heved and prevented. Delicious to the taste. "Largest sale in the world."

ASK FOR VAN HOUTEN'S AND TAKE NO OTHER. 64

RICE-Louisiana, 5@7c. SALT—In car lots, 90c; small lots, \$1@1.05. SPICES—Pepper, 19@20c; allspice, 12@15c; cloves, 26@30c; cassia, 10@12c; nutmegs, 80

WOODEN DISHES-Per 100, 115, 20c; 2 tbs, 25c; 3 fbs, 30c; 5 fbs, 40c. Wrapping-Paper-Light-weight straw, Wrapping-Paper—Light-weight straw, 234@3c \$\psi\$ fb; light-weight rag, 234@3c \$\psi\$ fb; heavy-weight straw, 134@2c \$\psi\$ fb; heavy-weight rag, 234@3c \$\psi\$ fb; Manila, No. 1, 8@9c; No. 2, 512@612c; print paper, No. 1,16@7c; No. 3, S. & C., 10@11c; No. 2, S. & S., 8@9c; No. 1, S. & C., 74@8c.

Woodenware—No. 1 tubs, \$7.25@7.50; No. 2 tubs, \$6@6.50; No. 3 tubs, \$5.25@5.50; 3-hoop pails, \$1.60@1.65; 2-hoop pails, \$1.40@1.45; double washboards, \$2@2.75; common washboards, \$1.40@1.85; clothes pins, 50@85c \$\psi\$ box.

85c P box. TWINE—Hemp, 12@18c \$\P\$ 15; wool, 8@10c; flax, 20@30c; paper, 18c; jute, 12@15c; cotton, 16@25c.

IRON AND STEEL. Bar iron (rates), 2.10@2,25c; horse-shoe bar, 3c; Norway rail rod, 8c; German-steel plow-slabs, 4c; American drill steel, 10@12c; Sanderson tool steel, 16c; tire steel, 3c; spring steel, 5c; horse-shoes, \$\psi\$ keg, \$4.25@4.50; mule shoes, \$\psi\$ keg, \$5.25@5.50; horse nails, \$\psi\$ box, 8d, \$5; steel nails, 10d and larger \$\psi\$ keg; other sizes at the usual advance: wire nails, \$3.20.

TINNERS' SUPPLIES-Best brand charcoal tin, IC, 10x14, 14x20, 12x12, \$7; IX, 10x14, 14x 20 and 12x12, \$8.50@9; IC. 14x20, roofing tin. \$5.75; IC, 20x28, \$11.50; block tin, in pigs. 27c; in bars, 29c. Iron—27 B iron, 3½c; C iron, 5½c; galvanized, 60 per cent. discount. Sheet zinc, 7c. Copper bottoms, 28c. Planished copper, 32c. Solder, 16@18c.

LEATHER, HIDES AND TALLOW. LEATHER—Oak sole, 28@33c; hemlock sole, 22@28c; harness, 26@30c; skirting, 80@84c; black bridle, \$60@55; fair bridle, \$60@78 \$2 doz.; city kip, \$60@80; French kip, \$85@110; city calf-skins, 60c@\$1; French calf-skins, \$1@1.80. HIDES—No. 1 G. S. hides, 434@5c; No. 2 G. S. hides, 312@334c; No. 1 green, 312c; No. 2

green, 212c. SHEEPSKINS-40c@\$1.
TALLOW-No. 1, 334 004c; No. 2, 514c.
GREASE-White, 4c; yellow, 3c; brown, HORSE HIDES-\$2.

Oil cake, \$23 \ ton; oil meal, \$23. PRODUCE. EGGs-Shippers paying 11c; selling from store at 13c. POULTRY-Hens, 7c \$ 15; young chickens,

OIL CAKE.

7c; hen turkeys, 10c; toms, 7c; young turkeys, 9c; roosters, 3c; geese, \$5@5.40 \$\dot{2}\ doz; ducks, 6120. BUTTER-Fancy creamery, 20@23c; fair creamery, 15@16c; fine dairy, 10@11c; good country, 8@9c, according to the condition in which it is received. Common stock will bring but 4@5c P fb, FEATHERS—Prime geese, 35c P fb; mixed

duck, 20c 49 fb.

BEESWAX—Dark, 18c; yellow, 20c.

WOOL—Tub-washed and picked, 33@35c; unwashed medium and common grades, if in good order, 25c; burry and cotted, 17@ 20c; fleece-washed, if light and in good order, 28@30c; burry and unmerchantable, according to their value.

PROVISIONS. JOBBING PRICES-Smoked meats-Sugarcured hams, Primrose brand, 11c; 10 to 12 lbs cured hams, Primrose brand, He; 10 to 12 hs average, 10³4c; 15 hs average, 10c; 17¹2 hs 9³4c; 20 hs average, 9¹2c; 22 hs average, 9c; 25 hs average, 8³4c; English-cured breakfast bacon, light or medium, 10c; shoulders, 10 to 12 hs average, 6³4c; shoulders, 14 to 16 hs average, 6¹4c; California hams, light or medium, 6c; cottage hams, 7c; dried beef hams and knuckle pieces, 812c; thin pieces, 7c. Bacon-Clear sides, 30 hs average, 634c; clear backs, medium average, 634c; clear bellies, medium weight, 714c. Dry-salt and Pickle Meats—Clear sides, unsmoked, 614c; clear backs, unsmoked, 614c; clear backs, unsmoked, 612c; bean pork, \$\psi\$ brl, 200 fbs. \$13.50; ham or rump pork, \$\psi\$ brl, 200 fbs. \$10. Bologna—Skin, large or small, 6c; cloth, 512c. Lard—Pure winter leaf, kettle-rendered, in tierces, 714c; in 60-fb tubs. 714c; in one-half barrels 75cc; in 50-fb cape in 100-fb capes barrels, 75sc; in 50-15 cans in 100-15 cases, 73sc; in 20-15 cans in 80-15 cases, 712c; in 10-15 cans in 60-15 cases, 734c. Prime Leaf Lard—In tierces, 7c; prime leaf lard, in 60-15 tubs, 7c. Hoosier Packing Company Lard-In tierces, 612c; in 50-th cans in 100-th cases, 634c. Fresh Meats-Tenderloins, 14c; spare ribs, 5½c; sausage (link), 7c; sausage (bulk), in 20-lb pails, 6½c; sausage meat, 5c; pork loins (fat trimmed off), 6½c; backbones, 2c; shoulder bones, 3c.

Clover—Red, choice, 60 fb bu, \$3.25@3.50; prime, \$3@3.25; English, choice, \$3.25@3.40; white, choice, \$6.50@7; alsike, \$6.75@7.50; alfalfa, choice, \$6.75@7.50. Timothy—Choice, 45 fb bu, \$1.55@1.85; strictly prime, \$1.50@1.60. Blue-grass—Fancy, 14 fb bu, \$1.15@1.25; extra clean, \$1.05@1.10. Orchard-grass—Extra clean, \$1.05@1.10. Orchard-grass—Extra clean, 14 fb bu, 95c@1.10. Red-top—Choice, 14 fb bu, 50@80c; extra clean, 45@60c. English blue-grass—24 fb bu, \$2.40@2.60. Acme lawn-grass—14 fb bu, \$1.65@1.75.

F. C. HUNTINGTON & CO

Leading Wholesale and Retail SEED MERCHANTS. 78 & 80 East Market St., Indianapolis.

Telephone 530.

Clover, Timothy and Blue-Grass THE H. T. CONDE IMPLEMENT CO.

The largest wholesale seed house in Indiana briotly prime seed a specialty. 76 and 78 West Washington Street, Indianapolis.

Real-Estate Transfers. Instruments filed for record in the recorder's office of Marion county, Indiana, for the twentyfour hours ending at 5 P. M., March 1, 1890, as furnished by Elliott & Butler, abstracters of titles, Hartford Block, No. 84 East Market

1,785.00 The Phonix Mutual Life Insurance Company to James E. Pierce, twoseventus of lots 44 and 45, in Bruce

Place Theresa H. Smith to Jay G. Voss. the undivided one-half of lot 11, in 8,750.00 ler, lot 4, in Sorrin's subdivision of lot 5, in Goldsberry's subdivision of addition

George W. Parker to Mary A. Field,
the west laif of lot 18, in the Exchange Land Company's subdivision
of part of outlot 183.

J. B. McMurly to Mary F. Rose, lot 2,
in Hamlin's subdivision of block 16,
in Johnson's heirs' addition.

James O'Connel to Albert Dux, lot 10,
in the Indianapolis & Cincinnati 1,800.00

1,452.00 to Emma Rathsam, lot 9, in square 7, in Hubbard et al.'s southeast ad-

lot 5, in outlot 105.....

1,000; 12 brl, \$17; lighter weight, \$1 \$\psi\$ 1,000 The Phœnix Mutual Life Insurance Company to John L. McMaster, two-sevenths of lots 88 and 89, in Bruce

1,714.00 2,100.00

Conveyances, 17; consideration \$33,625.00

The Depression in Agriculture.

Farm and Fireside For many months past so much has been said about the decline in agriculture, the low prices of farm products, the abandoned farms in New England, the mortgaged farms of the West, etc., that the subject has become wearisome. The depression in agriculture is a serious fact, and it demands and deserves the most careful consideraand deserves the most careful consideration of economists. The causes should be
determined and removed if possible. All
the study and discussion we can have in
this line is profitable. But when agitators
and demagogues are "working" the subject
for all it is worth to help foist their
financial schemes and political theories on
the people, it is time to call a halt and
point out the false assumption on which
their theories are mainly based. They assume that the depression in agriculture exists in this country only. This is not time.
It is not confined to this country; it is geueral. It affects the countries of Europe as eral. It affects the countries of Europe as badly as our own. The agricultural depression is even greater in the United Kingdom than in the United States. The demagognes have much to say about the condition of farm laborers and the depreciation of farm values in New England, but not a

the worthlessness of their arguments and the worthlessness of the remedies they offer would appear at once. They hide, and may even deny, the facts.

Mr. Robert Giffen, the eminent authority on British statistics, states that from 1875 to 1885, a period when there was a very large increase in the aggregate wealth of the Nation, the value of farm lands in the United Kingdom decreased nearly 16 per cent. The condition of agriculture in England to-day is far from being a high one. Excepting in a very few special lines, farming is unprofitable. The farmers there are not land-owners, but renters, and they are

word about that of old England. If they

did, the weakness of their arguments and

and taxes. Attention is directed to this simply to show that all theories for the relief of agriculture based on the assumption that the condition of agriculture is all wrong in this country and all right in Europe are prac-

having a hard time of it paying their rent

tically worthless. Questions in Bee Culture.

First-What are the best plants to culti-vate for honey bees to work out Is it necessary to cultivate honey-producing plants largely in case you are keeping a large

Sc.ond-Will it pay to buy up box hives of black bees and transfer and Italianize them, or is it cheaper to buy Italian bees in frame hives? Third-Is a south or east slope the best

location for an apiary, or is there any material difference as to the slope! Fourth-What can Italian bees, in good, frame hives, be bought for in quantity, say twenty or twenty-five colonies, and how many colonies are needed to start Answer: First-The cultivation of honey

plants in running an apiary is not really a necessity in the majority of localities, although we might add largely to our honey crop if we would give this branch some attention. Alsike, alfalfa and white Dutch clover are the most profitable, as they pay well for grazing and hay besides the honey. For tree planting, the basswood excels in the production of honey, and is a very

hardy grower. Second - It will not pay to buy up box hives and black bees to trans-fer and Italianize. However, if a person going into the business has had little or no experience it is good schooling to perform this work; but otherwise we would say to purchase a good stock of bees in good frame hives ready for business.

Third—A south or an east slope is preferable, but we would locate anywhere for

convenience, except on a north slope. We prefer the ground as nearly level as possible, so that we have good drainage. Fourth-Italian bees in standard hives can be secured in early spring at about \$5 per hive. For the quantity you mention during autumn they can be had for less money. A person with no experience should not undertake as many as twenty colonies; half that number is enough. It is a rare thing indeed that a person succeeds in going into the business largely with limited experience. If the books on bee culture are thoroughly studied it requires but little practical experience, but both are necessary to make a success of the business. A person of limited experience may make a partial success on a small scale, but to complete the apiarian study will take several years. It is folly for an inexperienced person to think that he can embark in the business all at once and make big money, as some experienced bee-keepers are now

Food for Antmals. Country Gentleman.

Members of the Elmira Farmers' Club, who are practical farmers, made some interesting statements at a late meeting of the club, on feeding domestic animals. George W. Hoffman said that in his opinion one peck of potatoes was worth as much as a bushel of any other roots or feed. George S. McCann thought that fifty-cents' worth of corn-meal (one bushel) was worth more than two bushels of turnips. J. E. Collins said his cows diminish in the flow of mulk as soon as he stops feeding roots. milk as soon as he stops feeding roots. D. Shaffer thought one peck of potatoes fed with meal was worth as much as a bushel of turnips. J. E. Collins stated that he fed roots to help digest the other food. G. W. Hoffman said the strongest turnip grown would not make the milk taste if plenty of grain was fed with them. John Bridgman remarked that he fed twenty-four cows five bushels of beets or turnips a day, and he thought them worth about 10 cents a bushel. If there were not enough to feed all winter he would keep them till late in winter or in spring, when the cows have become tired of other food. J. E. Collins said that carrots go further than beets, but will not make any more milk, and it costs more to raise them. Potatoes will make a large flow of milk, but of an inferior quality. J. Bridgman was asked for his mode of raising roots. He found the white Swede the best—sows a pound and a quarter per acre—thinned to eight or ten inches apart with a hoe. He prefers corn stubble that has been a sod turned under. Plows early in spring to start the weeds, dresses with fine manure, harrows thoroughly; likes ridging best, as the roots pull easier. A shovel cultivator makes the ridges two feet apart. Prefers the longneck Swede, as they pull easier. Two men pull four rows across the field at a time, throwing the roots on the outside row; pulling back and throwing on the same row. Beets are grown in the same way, without

In pouring hot fat from a kettle, spider or other utensil, when all has drained out that will, put in a handful of Indian meal, or other ground grain; with hand or spoon rnb thoroughly over bottom and sides. This is the nice, neat way for removing all the fat, and the dish thus becomes very agreeable and comfortable to wash, necessitat-

ridging.

750.00 A fine tooth-powder can be made of six ounces of prepared chalk, cassia powder, half an ounce, and an ounce of orris-root.

These are to be well mixed, and may be colored with red lake or any other innecent substance, according to the fancy of the user. Use the powder in the morning with a stiff tooth-brush.

ing the use of very little soap. The fat-absorbing meal can be utilized for poultry.